

Тема: «Преобразование тригонометрических функций»

α	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°	120°	135°	150°	180°	210°	225°	240°	270°	300°	315°	330°	360°
$\sin \alpha$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	-1	$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	0
$\cos \alpha$	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	-1	$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1
$\operatorname{tg} \alpha$	0	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	1	$\sqrt{3}$	-	$-\sqrt{3}$	-1	$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	0	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	1	$\sqrt{3}$	-	$-\sqrt{3}$	-1	$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	0
$\operatorname{ctg} \alpha$	-	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	0	$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	-1	$-\sqrt{3}$	-	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	0	$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	-1	$-\sqrt{3}$	-
α	0	$\frac{\pi}{6}$	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{3}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{2\pi}{3}$	$\frac{3\pi}{4}$	$\frac{5\pi}{6}$	π	$\frac{7\pi}{6}$	$\frac{5\pi}{4}$	$\frac{4\pi}{3}$	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	$\frac{5\pi}{3}$	$\frac{7\pi}{4}$	$\frac{11\pi}{6}$	2π

Функция	Аргумент β						
	$\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha$	$\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha$	$\pi - \alpha$	$\pi + \alpha$	$\frac{3\pi}{2} - \alpha$	$\frac{3\pi}{2} + \alpha$	$2\pi - \alpha$
$\sin \beta$	$\cos \alpha$	$\cos \alpha$	$\sin \alpha$	$-\sin \alpha$	$-\cos \alpha$	$-\cos \alpha$	$-\sin \alpha$
$\cos \beta$	$\sin \alpha$	$-\sin \alpha$	$-\cos \alpha$	$-\cos \alpha$	$-\sin \alpha$	$\sin \alpha$	$\cos \alpha$
$\operatorname{tg} \beta$	$\operatorname{ctg} \alpha$	$-\operatorname{ctg} \alpha$	$-\operatorname{tg} \alpha$	$\operatorname{tg} \alpha$	$\operatorname{ctg} \alpha$	$-\operatorname{ctg} \alpha$	$-\operatorname{tg} \alpha$
$\operatorname{ctg} \beta$	$\operatorname{tg} \alpha$	$-\operatorname{tg} \alpha$	$-\operatorname{ctg} \alpha$	$\operatorname{ctg} \alpha$	$\operatorname{tg} \alpha$	$-\operatorname{tg} \alpha$	$-\operatorname{ctg} \alpha$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1;$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha}; \quad \operatorname{ctg} \alpha = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha};$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha \operatorname{ctg} \alpha = 1;$$

$$\operatorname{tg}^2 \alpha + 1 = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha}; \quad \operatorname{ctg}^2 \alpha + 1 = \frac{1}{\sin^2 \alpha}.$$

Упростить выражение:

$$1) 2 \sin(\pi - \alpha) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha\right) + 3 \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha\right) - 2;$$

$$2) \frac{\sin(\pi + \alpha) \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \alpha\right) \operatorname{tg}\left(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha\right) \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{2} + \alpha\right) \operatorname{tg}(\pi + \alpha)}.$$

3) $(\sin^2 \alpha + \operatorname{tg}^2 \alpha \sin^2 \alpha) \operatorname{ctg} \alpha;$

4) Вычислить:

а) $\sin 0 + \cos \frac{\pi}{2} + \sin^2 \frac{\pi}{4};$

б) $3 \sin \frac{\pi}{6} + 2 \cos \pi + \operatorname{ctg}^2 \frac{\pi}{6};$

в) $6 \sin \frac{\pi}{6} - 2 \cos 0 + \operatorname{tg}^2 \frac{\pi}{3};$

г) $3 \operatorname{tg} \frac{\pi}{4} - \sin^2 \frac{\pi}{3} + \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{6}.$